

INCLUSIVELY. *adv.* [from *inclusus*.] The thing mentioned reckoned into the account.

Thus much shall serve for the several periods or growth of the common law, until the time of Edward I. *inclusively*. *Hale.*

All articulation is made within the mouth, from the throat to the lips *inclusively*; and is differenced partly by the organs used in it, and partly by the manner and degree of articulating. *Holder's Element of Speech.*

INCOAGULABLE. *adj.* [in and *coagulable*.] Incapable of concretion.

INCOEXISTENCE. *n. f.* [in and *coexistence*.] The quality of not existing together; non-association of existence.

Another more incurable part of ignorance, which sets us more remote from a certain knowledge of the coexistence or *incoexistence* of different ideas in the same subject, is, that there is no discoverable connection between any secondary quality and those primary qualities it depends on. *Locke.*

INCOG. *adv.* [corrupted by mutilation from *incognito*, Latin.] Unknown; in private.

But if you're rough, and use him like a dog, Depend upon it, he'll remain *inco*. *Addison.*

INCOGITANCY. *n. f.* [*incogitantia*, Latin.] Want of thought.

One man's fancies are laws to others, who convey them as such to their successors, who afterwards misname all unobscureness to their *incogitancy* presumption. *Boyle.*

Next to the stupid and merely vegetable state of *incogitancy*, we may rank partial and piece-meal consideration. *Dec. of Piety.*

INCOGITATIVE. *adj.* [in and *cogitative*.] Wanting the power of thought.

Purely material beings, as clippings of our beards, and sensible, thinking, perceiving beings, such as we find ourselves, we will call *cogitative* and *incogitative* beings. *Locke.*

INCOGNITO. *adv.* [*incognitus*, Latin.] In a state of concealment.

'Twas long ago Since gods came down *incognito*. *Prior.*

INCOHERENCE. *n. f.* [in and *coherence*.]

INCOHERENCY. *n. f.* [in and *coherence*.]

1. Want of connection; incongruity; incoherence; want of dependance of one part upon another.

I find that laying the intermediate ideas naked in their due order, shews the *incoherence* of the argumentations better than syllogisms. *Locke.*

Incoherences in matter, and suppositions without proofs, put handiely together, are apt to pass for strong reason. *Locke.*

2. Want of cohesion; looseness of material parts.

If plaster be beaten into an impalpable powder, when poured out it will emulate a liquor, by reason that the smallness and *incoherence* of the parts do both make them easy to be put into motion, and makes the pores they intercept so small, that they interrupt not the unity or continuity of the mass. *Boyle.*

INCOHERENT. *adj.* [in and *coherent*.]

1. Inconsequential; inconsistent; having no dependance of one part upon another.

We have instances of perception whilst we are asleep, and retain the memory of them; but how extravagant and *incoherent* are they, and how little conformable to the perfection of a rational being! *Locke.*

2. Without cohesion; loose; not fixed to each other.

Had the strata of stone become solid, but the matter whereof they consist continued lax and *incoherent*, they had consequently been as puerous as those of marble or gravel. *Wood.*

INCOHERENTLY. *adv.* [from *incoherent*.] Inconsistently; inconsequentially.

The character of Eurylochus is the imitation of a person confounded with fears, speaking irrationally and *incoherently*. *Broome's Notes on the Odyssey.*

INCOLUMITY. *n. f.* [*incolumitas*, Latin.] Safety; security. A word very little in use.

The parliament is necessary to assert and preserve the national rights of a people, with the *incolumity* and welfare of a country. *Havel.*

INCOMBUSTIBILITY. *n. f.* [from *incombustible*.] The quality of resisting fire so that it cannot consume.

The stone in the Appennines is remarkable for its shining quality, and the amianthus for its *incombustibility*. *Ray.*

INCOMBUSTIBLE. *adj.* [*incombustibilis*, Fr. in and *combustibilis*.] Not to be consumed by fire.

It agrees in this common quality ascribed unto both, of being *incombustibilis*, and not consumable by fire. *Wilkins.*

INCOMBUSTIBLENESS. *n. f.* [from *incombustibilis*.] The quality of not being wasted by fire.

INCOME. *n. f.* [in and *come*.] Revenue; produce of any thing.

Thou who reapest at the plenty of thy neighbour, and the greatness of his *incomes*, consider what are frequently the dismal consequences of all this. *South's Sermons.*

No fields afford So large an *income* to the village lord. *Dryden's Georg.*

St. Gaul has scarce any lands belonging to it, and little or no *income* but what arises from its trade: the great support of this little state is its linen manufacture. *Addison on Italy.*

Notwithstanding the large *incomes* annexed to some few of her preferments, this church hath in the whole little to subsist on. *Atterbury's Sermons.*

INCOMMENSURABILITY. *n. f.* [from *incommensurable*.] The state of one thing with respect to another, when they cannot be compared by any common measure.

INCOMMENSURABLE. *adj.* [French, from *in*, *com*, and *mensurable*, Latin.] Not to be reduced to any measure common to both; not to be measured together, such as that the proportion of one to the other can be told.

Our disputations about vacuum or space, *incommensurable* quantities, the infinite divisibility of matter, and eternal duration, will lead us to see the weakness of our nature. *Watts.*

INCOMMENSURATE. *adj.* [*in*, *com*, and *mensura*, Latin.] Not admitting one common measure.

The diagonal line and side of a quadrate, which, to our apprehension, are *incommensurate*, are yet commensurate to the infinite comprehension of the divine intellect. *More.*

As all other measures of time are reducible to these three; so we labour to reduce these three, though strictly of themselves *incommensurate* to one another; for civil use, measuring the greater by the less. *Holder on Time.*

If the year comprehend days, it is but as any greater space of time may be said to comprehend a less, though the less space be *incommensurate* to the greater. *Holder on Time.*

TO INCOMMUNICATE. *v. a.* [*incommunico*, Lat. *incommunico*, Fr.] To be inconvenient to; to hinder or embarrass without very great injury.

A gnat, planted upon the horn of a bull, begged the bull's pardon; but rather than *incommode* ye, says he, I'll remove. *L'Estrange.*

Although they sometimes molest and *incommode* the inhabitants of some parts, yet the agent, whereby both the one and the other is effected, is of that indispensable necessity to the earth and to mankind, that they could not subsist without it. *Woodward's Natural History.*

INCOMMODOUS. *adj.* [*incommodus*, Latin.] Inconvenient; vexatious without great mischief.

Things of general benefit, for in this world what is so perfect that no inconvenience doth ever follow it? may by some accident be *incommodious* to a few. *Hoter.*

Mens intentions in speaking are to be understood, without frequent explanations and *incommodious* interruptions. *Locke.*

INCOMMODOUSLY. *adv.* [from *incommodious*.] Inconveniently; not at ease.

INCOMMODOUSNESS. *n. f.* [from *incommodious*.] Inconvenience.

Diseases, disorders, and the *incommodiousness* of external nature, are inconsistent with happiness. *Burnet.*

INCOMMUNITY. *n. f.* [*incommunitas*, Fr. *incommunitas*, Latin.] Inconvenience; trouble.

Declare your opinion, what *incommunitas* you have conceived to be in the common law, which I would have thought most free from all such dislike. *Spenser's State of Ireland.*

If iron can be incorporated with flint or stone, without over great charge, or other *incommunitas*, the cheapness doth make the compound stuff profitable. *Bacon.*

By considering the region and the winds, one might to cast the rooms, which shall most need fire, that he should little fear the *incommunitas* of smok. *Watson's Architecture.*

INCOMMUNICABILITY. *n. f.* [from *incommunicable*.] The quality of not being impartible.

INCOMMUNICABLE. *adj.* [*incommunicabilis*, Fr. in and *communicabilis*.] 1. Not impartible; not to be made the common right, property, or quality of more than one.

They cannot ask more than I can give, may I but reserve to myself the *incommunicable* jewel of my conscience. *K. Charles.*

Only the God of nature perfectly knows her; and light without darkness is the *incommunicable* claim of him that dwells in light inaccessible. *Glauco.*

It was agreed on both sides, that there was one supreme excellency, which was *incommunicable* to any creatures. *Stillings.*

2. Not to be expressed; not to be told.

Neither did he treat them with these peculiarities of favour in the extraordinary discoveries of the gospel only, but also of those *incommunicable* revelations of the divine love, in reference to their own personal interest in it. *South's Sermons.*

INCOMMUNICABLY. *adv.* [from *incommunicable*.] In a manner not to be imparted or communicated.

To annihilate is both in reason, and by the consent of divines, as *incommunicably* the effect of a power divine, and above nature, as is creation itself. *Hakewill on Providence.*

INCOMMUNICATING. *adj.* [in and *communicating*.] Having no intercourse with each other.

The judgments and administrations of common justice carry a consonancy one to another, whereby both are preserved from that confusion that would ensue, if the administration was by several *incommunicating* hands, or by provincial establishments. *Hale's Common Law.*

INCOMPACT. *adj.* [in and *compact*.] Not joined; not cohering.

Salt, say they, is the basis of solidity and permanency in compound. *Locke.*

compound bodies, without which the other four elements might be variously blended, but would remain *incompact*. *Boyle.*

INCOMPARABLE. *adj.* [*incomparable*, Fr. in and *comparable*.] Excellent above compare; excellent beyond all competition.

My heart would not suffer me to omit any occasion, whereby I might make the *incomparable* Pamela see how much extraordinary devotion I bore to her service. *Sidney.*

A most *incomparable* man, breath'd as it were To an untirable and continue goodnes. *Shakep. Timon.*

Her words do shew her wit *incomparable*. *Shakep. H. VI.*

Now this talk Was cried *incomparable*, and th' ensuing night Made it a fool and beggar. *Shakep. Henry VIII.*

If I could leave this argument of your *incomparable* beauty, I might turn to one which would equally oppress me with its greatness. *Dryden.*

INCOMPARABLY. *adv.* [from *incomparable*.]

1. Beyond comparison; without competition.

A founder it had, whom I think *incomparably* the wisest man that ever the French church did enjoy, since the hour it enjoyed him. *Hooker.*

Self-preservation will oblige a man voluntarily to undergo any less evil, to secure himself but from the probability of an evil *incomparably* greater. *South's Sermons.*

2. Excellently; to the highest degree. A low phrase.

There are the heads of Antoninus Pius, the Faustina's, and Marcus Aurelius, all *incomparably* well cut. *Addison on Italy.*

INCOMPASSIONATE. *adj.* [in and *compassionate*.] Void of pity; void of tenderness.

INCOMPATIBILITY. *n. f.* [properly *incompatibility*, in and *compatibilis*, Latin.] Inconsistency of one thing with another.

He overcame that natural *incompatibility*, which hath been noted between the vulgar and the sovereign favour. *Watson.*

The reason of the fires rests not upon the *incompatibility* of excess of one infinitude above another, either in intention or extension; but the *incompatibility* of any multitude to be infinite. *Hale.*

INCOMPATIBLE. [*incompatible*, French; rather *incompetible*, as it is sometimes written; in and *compatibilis*, Lat.] Inconsistent with something else; such as cannot subsist or cannot be possessed together with something else.

Fortune and love have ever been *incompatible*, that it is no wonder, madam, if, having had so much of the one for you, I have ever found so little of the other for myself. *Suckl.*

May not the outward expressions of love in many good Christians be greater to some other object than to God? Or is this *incompatible* with the sincerity of the love of God? *Hamm.*

The repugnancy of infinitude is equally *incompatible* to continued or successive motion, and depends upon the *incompatibility* of things successive with infinitude. *Hale.*

We know those colours which have a friendship with each other, and those which are *incompatible*, by mixing together those colours of which we would make trial. *Dryden.*

Sense I have proved to be *incompatible* with mere bodies, even those of the most compound and elaborate textures. *Bent.*

INCOMPATIBLY. *adv.* [from *incompatible*.] Inconsistently.

INCOMPETENCY. *n. f.* [*incompetence*, Fr. from *incompetent*.] Inability; want of adequate ability or qualification.

Our not being able to discern the motion of a shadow of a dial-plate, or that of the index upon a clock, ought to make us sensible of the *incompetency* of our eyes to discern some motions of natural bodies incomparably slower than these. *Boyle.*

INCOMPETENT. *adj.* [in and *competent*.] Not suitable; not adequate; not proportionate. In the civil law it denotes some defect of right to do any thing.

Richard III. had a resolution, out of hatred to his brethren, to disable their issues, upon false and *incompetent* pretences, the one of attainder, the other of illegitimation. *Bacon's H. VII.*

Every speck does not blind a man, nor does every infirmity make one unable to discern, or *incompetent* to reprove the grosser faults of others. *Government of the Tongue.*

I thank you for the commission you have given me: how I have acquitted myself of it, must be left to the opinion of the world, in spite of any protestation which I can enter against the present age, as *incompetent* or corrupt judges. *Dryden.*

Laymen, with equal advantages of parts, are not the most *incompetent* judges of sacred things. *Dryden.*

An equal attraction on all sides of all matter, is just equal to no attraction at all; and by this means all the motion in the universe must proceed from external impulse alone, which is an *incompetent* cause for the formation of a world. *Bentley.*

INCOMPETENTLY. *adv.* [from *incompetent*.] Unfitly; unduly.

INCOMPLETE. *adj.* [in and *complete*.] Not perfect; not finished.

It pleaseth him in mercy to account himself *incomplete* and maimed without us. *Hooker.*

In *incomplete* ideas we are apt to impose on ourselves, and wrangle with others, especially where they have particular and familiar names. *Locke.*

INCOMPLETENESS. *n. f.* [from *incomplete*.] Imperfection; unfinished state.

The *incompleteness* of our seraphick lover's happiness, in his fruitions, proceeds not from their want of satisfactoriness; but of an intire possession. *Boyle.*

INCOMPLIANCE. *n. f.* [in and *compliance*.]

1. Untractableness; impracticableness; contradictory temper. Self-conceit produces peevishness and *incompliance* of humour in things lawful and indifferent. *Tillston's Sermons.*

2. Refusal of compliance.

Consider the vast disproportion between the worst inconveniences that can attend our *incompliance* with men, and the eternal displeasure of an offended God. *Rogers.*

INCOMPOSED. *adj.* [in and *composed*.] Disturbed; discomposed; disordered.

Somewhat *incomposed* they are in their trimming, and extraordinary tender of their young ones. *Hovel.*

IMPOSSIBILITY. *n. f.* [from *impossible*.] Quality of being not possible but by the negation or destruction of something; inconsistency with something.

The manifold *impossibilities* and lubricities of matter cannot have the same fitness in any modification. *More.*

Though the repugnancy of infinitude be equally *impossible* to continued or successive motion, and depends upon the *impossibility* of the very nature of things successive or extensive with infinitude, yet that *impossibility* is more conspicuous in discrete quantity, that arithmetical from individuals already actually distinguished. *Hale's Origin of Mankind.*

IMPOSSIBLE. *adj.* [in, com, and *possible*.] Not possible together; not possible but by the negation of something else.

IMPREHENSIBILITY. *n. f.* [*imprehenibilis*, Fr. from *imprehenibilis*.] Unconceivableness; superiority to human understanding.

IMPREHENSIBLY. *adv.* [*imprehenibilis*, Fr. in and *comprehenibilis*.]

1. Not to be conceived; not to be fully understood.

His precepts tend to the improving and perfecting the most valuable part of us, and annexing *imprehenensible* rewards as an eternal weight of glory. *Hammond.*

One thing more is *imprehenensible* in this matter. *Locke.*

The laws of vegetation, life, sustenance, and propagation are the arbitrary pleasure of God, and may vary in manners *imprehenensible* to our imaginations. *Bentley.*

2. Not to be contained. Not now used.

Preference every where is the sequel of an infinite and *imprehenensible* substance; for what can be every where but that which can no where be comprehended? *Hooker.*

IMPREHENSIBLENESS. *n. f.* [from *imprehenibilis*.] Unconceivableness.

I might argue from God's *imprehenensibleness*: if we could believe nothing but what we have ideas of, it would be impossible for us to believe God is *imprehenensible*. *Watts.*

IMPREHENSIBLY. *adv.* [from *imprehenibilis*.] In a manner not to be conceived.

We cannot but be assured that the God, of whom and from whom are all things, is *imprehenensibly* infinite. *Locke.*

IMPRESSIBLE. *adj.* [*impressibilis*, Fr. in and *compressibilis*.] Not capable of being compressed into less space.

Their hardness is the reason why water is *impressible*, when the air lodged in it is exhausted. *Cheyne's Phil. Prin.*

IMCOMPRESSIBILITY. *n. f.* [from *impressibilis*.] Incapacity to be squeezed into less room.

INCONCURRENCE. *adj.* [in and *concur*.] Not concurring.

They derive effects not only from *inconcurrence* causes, but things devoid of all efficiency. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONCEALABLE. *adj.* [in and *conceal*.] Not to be hid; not to be kept secret.

The *inconcealable* imperfections of ourselves will hourly prompt us our corruption, and loudly tell us we are sons of earth. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONCEIVABLE. *adj.* [*inconceivable*, Fr. in and *conceivable*.] Unconceivable; not to be conceived by the mind.

Such are Christ's promises, divine *inconceivable* promises; a bliss to be enjoyed to all eternity, and that by way of retri for a weak obedience of some few years. *Hammond.*

It is *inconceivable* to me, that a spiritual substance should represent an extended figure. *Locke.*

How two others can be diffused through all space, one of which acts upon the other, and by consequence is reacted upon, without retarding, flustering, dispersing, and confounding one another's motions, is *inconceivable*. *Newton's Opt.*

INCONCEIVABLY. *adv.* [from *inconceivable*.] In a manner beyond comprehension; to a degree beyond human comprehension.

Does that man take a rational course to preserve himself, who refuses the endurance of those lesser troubles, to secure himself from a condition *inconceivably* more miserable? *South.*

INCONCEPTIBLE. *adj.* [in and *conceptibilis*; *conceptus*, Latin.] Not to be conceived; incomprehensible; inconceivable. A word not used.

It is *inconceivable* how any such man, that hath stood the shock of an eternal duration without corruption, should after be corrupted. *Hale's Origin of Mankind.*

INCONCLUDENT.